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# The Constitution.

TRAVELLING AGENTS:  
**T. M. ACTON.**  
**W. E. JOHNSON.**  
**ATLANTA, GA.**

THE NEW YORK HONORARY, DECEMBER 6, 1877.

Gold opened in New York yesterday at 105½, and closed at 105½.  
 Cotton, middling upland, closed yesterday in New York at 15½, Liverpool at 6 1/16.

## THE RESULT.

Our special telegrams this morning embrace returns, either estimated or official, from nearly every point in Georgia. From the figures contained in these telegrams and the indications which they convey, we have made a tabular estimate of the vote in the state, giving the probable majorities for both Atlanta and Millidgeville. These estimated figures give Atlanta a majority of a little more than twenty thousand, which, if materially changed by later returns, will be increased. It must be remembered that the counties which were expected to give the "halls of our fathers" their largest majorities—Baldwin, Bibb, Richmond, Hancock and Chatham—have been heard from. Millidgeville's majority in Richmond is reported as "reduced," but even allowing her a thousand Atlanta, according to the actual returns embodied in our telegrams, is about fifteen thousand ahead, with her strongholds in northern and northeast Georgia to hearten on.

The fight has been a holy to hearten on, and from the first the friends of Atlanta have had up-hill work. They had to contend against great odds. They have been compelled to overcome deep-seated prejudice, and to fight persistent insinuation and downright slander. But the contest is over and Atlanta is successful, and in rejoicing over the hard-earned victory her people have no room in their hearts for rancor. They have much to forgive, but it is forgiven; they have an accumulation of injustice to forget, but it is forgotten. The vote by which she retains the capital is, owing to the peculiar nature of the attacks made upon her by her opponents, an endorsement of her record by the people of Georgia. Her majority amounts to a vote of confidence. It is a tribute to her political and commercial importance, and an evidence of sympathy and appreciation on the part of the citizens of Georgia.

Our dispatches indicate that the new constitution will be ratified by even a larger majority than that given to Atlanta, but it is almost impossible to predict as to the vote on the home-stead question, though the probabilities, vague as they are, seem to point toward the adoption of the home-stead of 1877. Upon the whole, the people of Georgia have done a good day's work.

C. L. JONES, the Millidgeville chronic, and some other little outside influence did the business for Atlanta in Bibb, but as matters now stand, we can give Bibb and Baldwin a few more votes and still be happy.

Atlanta's majority for Millidgeville is telegraphed as "reduced." This, it seems to us, is rather a singular way to put it. However, as we said before, under the circumstances—

Baldwin county didn't cast a single vote for Atlanta. This is what we call greediness. However, under the circumstances, we can afford to forgive such a palpable slight.

The weather was bad yesterday, but the boys whooped 'em up for Atlanta was a caution.

Atlanta seems to have the bug, don't she, O Daniel Jones?

## GIRL AND WOMAN.

"He will come in his car," she said; and he did. He came in his car, and the sun was in his eyes. He was a handsome fellow, and she smiled as she saw him. He was a handsome fellow, and she smiled as she saw him.

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# HERE WE STAND!

THE HONORABLE VICTORY HAS BEEN FAIRLY WON.

Georgia's Capital to Remain Upon the Hill-Top.

Sentiment Remitted to the Back Ground; and the State Breeds Up for the Contest with the Future.

Idiosyncrasies of the Vote Upon the New Constitution.

And How the Home-stead Got Toned About by the Voting Freeman.

FAIRBURN'S CONTRIBUTION.

FAIRBURN, December 5.—The following is the result of the election at this place: For ratification, 187; against, 187; for the home-stead, 187; against, 187.

THEY JOIN THE BAND.

AMERICA, December 5.—Sumter, L. W. Hancock, Walter Stewart and Douglas give Atlanta a large majority.

MILLEN'S MAJORITY.

MILLEN, December 5.—A very light vote was polled at the sixty-first district with the following majority: For Atlanta, 139; for ratification, 139; for the home-stead, 139; against, 139.

A BILLET FROM BANKS.

BELTON, December 5.—The vote at Poplar Springs, Banks county, is: For the constitution, 72; for ratification, 72; for the home-stead, 72; against, 72.

A PLUM FROM THE POINT.

UNION POINT, December 5.—For ratification, 187; against, 187; for the home-stead, 187; against, 187.

HASTY HARELEM.

HARLEM, December 5.—The following is the vote at this place: For Atlanta, 187; for ratification, 187; for the home-stead, 187; against, 187.

TELFORD AND MONTGOMERY.

LUMBER CITY, December 5.—Lumber City and Fork to divide give Atlanta their majority; for ratification, 187; for the home-stead, 187; against, 187.

FROM FLOYD.

ROME, December 5.—Atlanta will carry Floyd by at least 800. The news from Folk is cheerful.

SOCIAL CIRCLE'S SIGNAL.

SOCIAL CIRCLE, December 5.—The election passed off quietly at this place. The majority was for Atlanta, 187; for ratification, 187; for the home-stead, 187; against, 187.

LAGRANGE TURNS LOOSE.

LAGRANGE, December 5.—The vote of the LAGRANGE precinct is: Atlanta 880; Millidgeville 880; for ratification, 880; against, 880.

HAMPTON FUMING.

HAMPTON, Dec. 5.—This (Henry) county elects W. T. Dwyer for representative; B. Ryan, senator, from the 34th district; both democratic nominees.

THE NOISE FROM NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, December 5.—Norfolk precinct elects Atlanta 174; Millidgeville 174; for ratification, 174; against, 174.

THE LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

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# THE MARSHAL'S PLAN.

THE TERRIBLE FLUTTER OF THE GRAND NATION.

Another Disruption Contemplated—The Elusive Watching for an Opportunity to Show its Hand.

AN EXPLANATION WANTED.

VERMILION, December 5.—Gen. R. V. Venable gave notice that he would ask the military to explain the semi-official vote, which stated, in substance, that President MacMahon's efforts to form a constitutional ministry have been so far frustrated by the exorbitant demand of the left, that a congress of the two houses should be held for a revision of the constitution.

M. GREY said he was the only member of the majority who had been summoned by the president and who did not speak in the name of the left or indicate its condition.

The affair causes much comment. Several members of the left declared after the sitting that the idea of a congress, which had only been mentioned in private conversation, had been seized upon at the Elisee as a pretext for breaking off the negotiations for reconciliation.

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